

## TRUE / FALSE SOLUTIONS

1. T

2. F (see Examples 3 and 4 in Lecture #1)

3. F (but T if you assume  $D$  is open + connected!)

4. T (because  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is simply-connected)

ind of path  $\Leftrightarrow$  cons.

5. F (check the partials!  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \neq \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial y}$ )

6. F (but T if you assume  $D$  is open and connected!)

ind of path  $\Rightarrow$  conservative  $\Rightarrow \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$

7. T ( $D$  is open and connected,  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = 0 \Leftrightarrow$  ind of path  $\Leftrightarrow$  cons)

8. F (need  $D$  to be simply-connected!)

9. F ( $\frac{\partial M}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial y}$  tells you nothing about cons.)

10. F (Assume this is true. Then  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$  on  $\tilde{D}$ , but since  $D$  is in  $\tilde{D}$  and  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \neq \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$  on  $D$ , this is a contradiction. It must be false!)